Resident Log: C/L Psychiatry

MK2. Psychopa	athology ¹						
	ledge of diagnostic criteria, epi						
	uding substance use disorders		atric disorders across the lif	e cycle and in diverse patier	nt populations (e.g.,		
different cultures, families, genders, sexual orientation, ethnicity, etc.)							
A: Knowledge to identify and treat psychiatric conditions							
B: Knowledge to assess risk and determine level of care							
C: Knowledge at the interface of psychiatry and the rest of medicine							
Has not							
Achieved Level 1	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5		
Level 1	1.1/A Identifies the major psychiatric diagnostic system (DSM)	2.1/A Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to identify and treat common psychiatric conditions in	3.1/A Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to identify and treat most psychiatric conditions	4.1/A Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to identify and treat atypical and complex psychiatric			
		adults in inpatient and emergency settings (e.g., depression, mania, acute psychosis)	throughout the life cycle and in a variety of settings ²	conditions throughout the life cycle and in a range of settings (inpatient, outpatient, emergency, consultation liaison) ³			
	1.2/B Lists major risk and protective factors for danger to self and others	2.2/B Demonstrates knowledge of, and ability to weigh risks and protective factors for, danger to self and/or others in emergency and inpatient settings	3.2/8 Displays knowledge of, and the ability to weigh, risk and protective factors for, danger to self and/or others across the life cycle, as well as the ability to determine the need for acute psychiatric hospitalization	4.2/8 Displays knowledge sufficient to determine the appropriate level of care for patients expressing, or who may represent, danger to self and/or others, across the life cycle and in a full range of treatment settings	5.1/B Displays knowledge sufficient to teach assessment of risks and the appropriate level of care for patients who may represent a danger to self and/or others		
	1.3/C Gives examples of interactions between medical and psychiatric symptoms and disorders	2.3/C Shows sufficient knowledge to perform an initial medical and neurological evaluation in psychiatric inpatients	3.3/C Shows sufficient knowledge to identify and treat common psychiatric manifestations of medical illness (e.g., delirium, depression, steroid-	4.3/C Shows knowledge sufficient to identify and treat a wide range of psychiatric conditions in patients with medical disorders	5.2/C Shows sufficient knowledge to identify and treat uncommon psychiatric conditions in patients with medical disorders		
		2.4/C Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to identify common medical conditions (e.g., hypothyroidism,	induced syndromes) 3.4/C Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to include relevant medical	4.4/C Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to systematically screen for, evaluate, and diagnose	5.3/C Demonstrates sufficient knowledge to detect and ensure appropriate treatment of		
		hyperlipidemia, diabetes)	and neurological conditions	common medical conditions	uncommon medical		
		in psychiatric patients	in the differential diagnoses	in psychiatric patients, and	conditions in patients		
			of psychiatric patients	to ensure appropriate	with psychiatric disorders		
				further evaluation and			
				treatment of these			
				conditions in collaboration			
				with other medical			
		L.,	L.,	providers			
Comments:			_ _				
Footnotes:							
	¹ This milestone focuses on knowledge needed for patient care. Thus, knowledge of psychopathology can be assessed through multiple choice knowledge examinations						
This interactive locuses of incorregge needed to present care. This is not recognitely proportionary can be assessed unforget interactive interactive control (e.g., the Psychiatry Resident in Training Examination (PRIE)), and/or through evaluations of the application of knowledge of psychopathology to patient care, such as standardized patients or case vignettes, clinical skills evaluations, and knowledge evidenced during clinical rotations and the routine, supervised care of patients during residency.							
² This level includes identification and treatment of a wider array of conditions, across the life cycle (including childhood, adolescent, adult, and geriatric conditions), and							
	settings (e.g., outpatient, consulta						
3"Atypical" and "complex" psychiatric conditions refer to unusual presentations of common disorders, co-occurring disorders in patients with multiple co-morbid							
conditions, and diagnostically challenging clinical presentations.							

Resident Log: Proficiency in Psychopathology, Psychiatric Formulation, Differential Diagnosis, and Treatment Planning				
Condition	Attending Initials			
Delirium				
Dementia with Behavioral Disturbance				
HPI: Suicide Attempt				
Suicidal/Homicidal Ideation (Safety Assessment)				
Psychosis (not in the context of Delirium)				
Mood Disorder				
Anxiety Disorder				
Functional Neurologic Syndrome				
Decision-Making Capacity Assessment				